US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

. 4	DATA REVIEW MUNRUR: ES-VII-W
, * 	THST: Reproduction study on bobwhite quail
	SPECIES: Bobwhite quail (Colinus virginianus)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RESULTS Based on active ingredient only, the
;	treatment levels were 20 and 100 ppm.
	No statistically significant deleterious
	effects were determined by Hazleton
	Laboratories.
	Reviewer: Bob Hitch
	C'ITATI CALL TOTAL
	CIEMICAL: RH - 2915 (71.40%)
	TITLE RH - 2915: One - Generation Reproduction.
	Study in Bobwhite Quail - Final Report. ACCESSION NO. 097424
	STUM DATE: August 18, 1978 (Date of in - house Rohm and
	Haas Cover Memo)
1.30	`RESEARCHER: Hazleton Laboratories; V.J. Piccirillo
\$1. 5 1 + 14	REGISTRATE: Rohm and Haas
i	VALIDATION CATHODRY: Invalid
	CARROR REPAIRMENTED: Before this study can be reviewed in full.
4 a	individual pen data must be submitted for: 1. body weight, 2. food consumption. 3. eggs laid, 4. eggs cracked
	5. eggs set. 6. Fertility. 7. Live 3-week embryos 8. Hatchability. 9. Normal chicks 10. 14 day old survivors per
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	number of eggs hatched and per hen and ll. eggshell thickness.

Deviations from Requirements Stated in June 25, 1975 Guidelines

- The vehicle (The 1975 guidelines recommend corn oil or other appropriate vehicle) was not identified.
- 2. The average temperature was said to be 68°F but temperature ranges where the pens were located were not submitted.
- 3. Boby weights of the birds were recorded at 0, 4,8 weeks and at termination of the study rather than the 0,2,4,6, and 8 week plus termination intervals suggested in the guidelines.
- 4. The light intensity at "bird level" in the test environment was not stated.

Assignment of test birds was as follows:

Group No.	No. of Birds		No. of Birds/Pen		Dietary Levels
	Male	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	Female	
1	12	24	1	2	Basal Diet only
2 🖍	12	24	1	2	20 ppm RH-2915
3	12	24	1	2	100 ppm RH-2915

This assignment complies with the June 25, 1975 Guidelines.